

Means of Egress – Design & Construction of Exit Routes

Audited by: _____ **Date:** _____

[illegible]

- ☐ ☐ 10. If a single exit route is permitted, is the number of employees, the size of the building, its occupancy, or the arrangement of the workplace such that all employees would be able to evacuate safely during an emergency? 1910.36(b)(3)
- ☐ ☐ 11. Does each exit discharge lead directly outside or to a street, walkway, refuge area, public way, or open space with access to the outside? 1910.36(c)(1)
- ☐ ☐ 12. Is the street, walkway, refuge area, public way, or open space to which an exit discharge leads large enough to accommodate the building occupants likely to use the exit route? 1910.36(c)(2)
- ☐ ☐ 13. Are exit stairs that continue beyond the level on which the exit discharge is located interrupted at that level by doors, partitions, or other effective means that clearly indicate the direction of travel leading to the exit discharge? 1910.36(c)(3)
- ☐ ☐ 14. Are employees able to open an exit route door from the inside at all times without keys, tools, or special knowledge? 1910.36(d)(1)
- ☐ ☐ 15. Are exit route doors free of any device or alarm that could restrict emergency use of the exit route if the device or alarm fails? 1910.36(d)(2)
- ☐ ☐ 16. Are exit route doors not locked from the inside except in mental, penal, or correctional facilities and only if supervisory personnel are continuously on duty and the employer has a plan to remove occupants from the facility during an emergency? 1910.36(d)(3)
- ☐ ☐ 17. Is a side-hinged door used to connect any room to an exit route? 1910.36(e)(1)
- ☐ ☐ 18. Does the door that connects any room to an exit route swing out in the direction of exit travel if the room is designed to be occupied by more than 50 people or if it is a high hazard area (i.e., contains contents that are likely to burn with extreme rapidity or explode)? 1910.36(e)(2)

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